

Proton beam writing of buried channel waveguides in Foturan glass

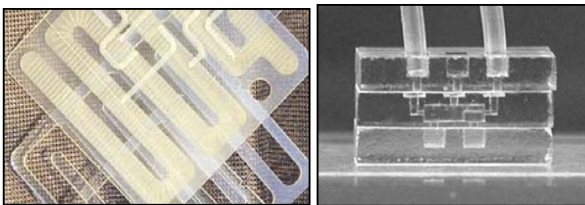
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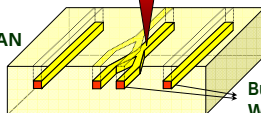
Introduction

- ◆ **Compatibility** → Biomedical applications
- ◆ **Combines** unique glass properties (transparency, hardness, chemical and thermal resistance, etc.) and the prospect to achieve extremely fine structures with tight tolerances and High Aspect Ratio
- ◆ Structures <500 nm are now possible. With appropriate heat treatment and processing the resultant mass can be either etched away to provide a true 3-D structure or the resultant structure can be heat treated to become fully ceramicised.
- ◆ Applications include micro-fluidic manifolds, precise glass/ceramic diffraction gratings, integrated optical structures for Photonics.



Focused micro-beam of MeV Protons

FOTURAN

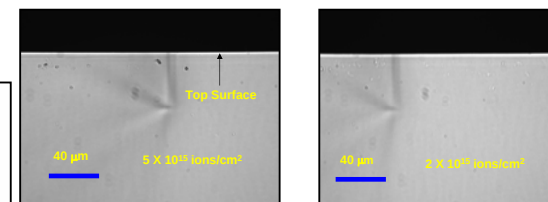
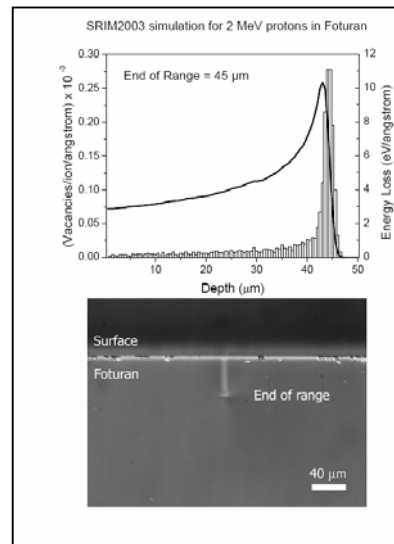


Buried Channel Waveguides

Proton Beam Writing

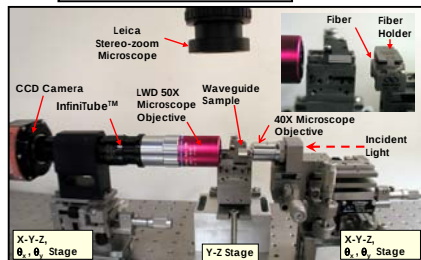
- **Direct-write** technique. Focused sub-micron beam of *high energy protons* for writing directly on suitable materials: PMMA, SU-8, Glasses, Polymers etc.
- **High Aspect Ratio** micro- and nano-structures with *straight and smooth* sidewalls (~3 nm roughness).
- Small lateral spread (except at the end of range) → Vertical walls.
- Well defined range: slots & channels with well defined depth.
- Different ion energies → Multi-layered structures.
- 3D capability with high aspect ratio structures > 160.
- 100 nm and below structures possible; 30 nm structures already demonstrated

Fabrication



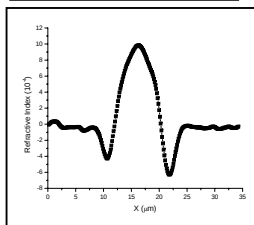
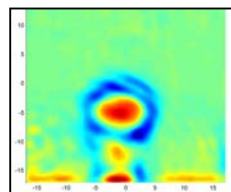
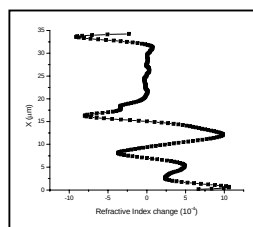
- ◆ Seven buried channel waveguides fabricated with fluences ranging from 10^{14} to 10^{16} ions/cm²
- ◆ Single mode waveguides with very good mode profile
- ◆ End of range calculated to be ~45 μm using SRIM calculations
- ◆ Propagation losses measured using scattering technique: 5.0-12.0 dB/cm
- ◆ Refractive Index change (Δn), measured using the propagation-mode near-field technique, was estimated to be $\sim 10^{-3}$

Experimental Set Up



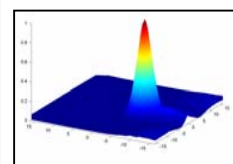
Characterization

Refractive Index Profile

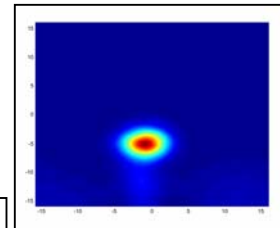


Propagation-Mode Near Field Technique

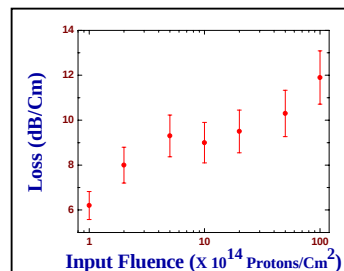
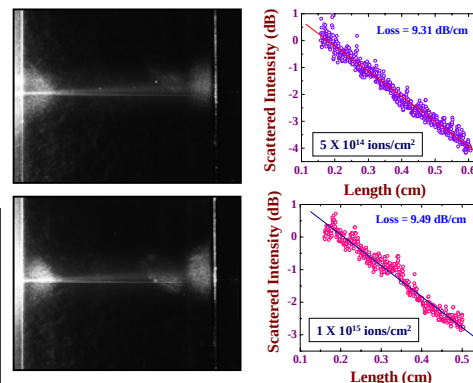
$$\Delta n(x, y) = \sqrt{n_s^2 - \frac{\nabla^2 E(x, y)}{k^2 E(x, y)}} - n_s$$



Mode Profile @ 633 nm



Loss Profiles



References

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Mode Profile

