## **CE 601 NUMERICAL METHODS**

## TUTORIAL – 10

## Date: 16-November-2012

This tutorial is not required to be submitted for evaluation. This is a practice tutorial and you may solve the problems on your own. You may also use computational programs like Matlab, Mathematica, Fortran, C, C++, etc. or any other convenient programming language (maybe even MS-Excel) to evaluate operations like additions, multiplications, matrix operations, etc.

- 1. The one-dimensional advection-dispersion equation  $\frac{\partial C}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial C}{\partial x} = D \frac{\partial^2 C}{\partial x^2}$  can be used to describe pollutant transport in rivers. (u is advection velocity, D is dispersion coefficient, C is concentration). Use Crank-Nicolson scheme to solve the PDE in the domain  $0 \le x \le 10.0$  for the following boundary and initial conditions C(0,x) = 0.0; C(t,0.0) = 0.2 and  $\frac{\partial C}{\partial x}(t,10.0) = 0$ . Use appropriate grid and time-step sizes for solving. The parameters are  $u = 3.5 \times 10^{-5}$  m/s,  $D = 1 \times 10^{-6}$  m<sup>2</sup>/s.
- 2. Derive the first-order upwind approximation of the unsteady one-dimensional convection equation  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial C}{\partial x} = 0$  for u > 0.0.
- 3. Consider the two-dimensional diffusion equation:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \alpha \left( \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} \right)$  for any arbitrary

domain xy-plane. Derive the FTCS approximation. Perform consistency and stability analyses.

## No Marks